payments, exclusive of loans and payments thereout, as far as could be ascertained, are given in each case: --

REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE PROVINCES OF CANADA, 1892.

Provinces.	Revenue.	Per Head.	Expenditure	Per Head.
	\$	\$ cts.	\$	\$ cts.
*Ontario	4,662,922	2 18	4,068,257	1 90
†Quebec	3,458,404	2 30	4,446,640	2 95
*Nova Scotia	769,976	1 70	822,462	1 82
*New Brunswick	652,669	2 03	676,483	2 15
*Manitoba	605,288	3 65	1,000,345	6 02
†British Columbia	1,020,002	9 53	1,430,920	13 37
*Prince Edward Island	245,652	2 25	259,012	2 37
Total	11,414,913	2 38	12,704,119	2 65

^{* 31}st December, 1892.

The expenditure in 1892, exceeded the revenue in six provinces, the excess being largest in Quebec, Manitoba, and British Columbia. The aggregate revenue in 1892 exceeded that of 1891 by \$721,098; the aggregate expenditure was \$1,075,765 more than in the previous year. The excess of expenditure in 1892 was \$1,289,206, as compared with an excess of \$934,539 in 1891. Both revenue and expenditure were highest in proportion to population in British Columbia, and lowest in Nova Scotia. The aggregate expenditure was 27 cents per head of the aggregate population more than the revenue, as compared with an excess of 20 cents per head in 1891.

1218. The following table gives the ordinary revenues and expenditures of the Provinces of the Dominion for the years named therein. The figures were taken from the Provincial Public Accounts or were specially supplied by the Provincial Treasurers, to whom thanks are due for the same.

^{+ 30}th June, 1892.